The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1785. (No. 96.)

COFFEE-HOUSE AND TAVERN.

MRS. BALL, begs leave to inform the PUBLIC in general, and her FRIENDS in particular, that she has removed from Annapolis to this town, and has taken that elegant and convenient house, fronting on Market and South streets, which was lately occupied by Major Brown, where she has opened a COFFEE-HOUSE and TAVERN.

As she is desirous to obtain the approbation and encouragement of her friends, she has made such additions and regulations as will render her COFFEE-HOUSE extremely convenient to all MERCANTILE GENTLEMEN, while TRAVELLERS may be accommodated in the best manner, she having provided excellent stabling and a good hostler.

She returns her sincere thanks to those gentlemen who were so good as to favor her with their company when she formerly resided here, and hopes they will indulge her with a continuance of their custom, assuring both them and the public at large, that every endeavour shall be used to give general satisfaction.

Baltimore, November 11, 1785.

WANTED immediately, to attend a store of dry-goods, a smart active LAD, of 15 or 16 years of age, who can write a good hand, and is acquainted with figures; one who has served in a store would be preferred.—None need apply but those who can be well recommended. Inquire of the Printers.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

One hundred acres of ex-

cellent pecoson land, equal to any in this State, lying on the Potomack, within two miles of Alexandria, and which, at a small expence, may be reclaimed. There is on said land a large range of wood.—The terms are one half cash, one quarter in six months, and the other in six months more. Apply to

ROGER WEST.

Nov. 24, 1785.

To be sold at Fredericksburg, on Wednesday the 14th of December next, to the highest Bidder, for Ready-Money, or Country Produce at cash price,

ALL the household and kitchen furniture, belonging to the Stage-Office, consisting of twenty-seven beds, with furniture complete, mahogany tables, black walnut ditto, mahogany and Windsor chairs, a neat case of drawers, and a great variety of other valuable articles.—At the same time, and on the same terms will be sold a four horse waggon.

NATHANIEL TWINING.

Nov. 24, 1785.

N B. Articles purchased at the sale, if not taken away in four days afterwards, will be again sold at the risk of the first purchaser.

☞ All persons indebted to the said tavern, are requested to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence can be given.

THE Subscriber begs leave in the most respectful manner, to return his grateful acknowledgments, to his friends and kind customers, who favored him with their custom, during his residence in Fairfax-street, and informs them he has now removed to Royal-street, near the corner of King-street, where he carries on the Tallow-Chandler and Soap-Boiling business as usual, and will use his utmost exertions to give general satisfaction.

☞ He gives ready-money for tallow, tow or cotton candle wick.

WILLIAM HAYCOCK.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

John Allison,

Has imported in the Alexandria, Captain Watkins, from Liverpool, a neat and general assortment of Manchester GOODS, among which are the following articles:

POCKET and pillow fustians, thicksets, satinets, olive, light, blue and black beavers, corduroys, printed velverets, rich silk velvet waistcoat patterns, striped holland, yard, 3-8 and 7-8 cotton checks, elegant furniture ditto, with cord, tassels and fringe to match, 10-4 and 11-4 counterpanes neatly fringed and scolloped, new fashioned printed quiltings, &c. He has likewise on hand an assortment of coarse woollens, such as Negro cottons, duffils, rose blankets, worsted, yarn and plaid hose; all which he will sell on the most reasonable terms for cash or country produce.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

I WILL sell that beautiful and healthy plantation, commonly called the LODGE, situated in Prince-George's County, about two and a half miles from the Alexandria ferry.—This tract contains 323 acres, about 120 of which are cleared upland and nearly 60 acres of meadow ground of the first quality, about 30 are cleared and well set with timothy, which yields a larger crop than any meadow I ever saw.—Both the upland and meadow are laid off in divisions, and are in fine order for grazing. The improvements are a good dwelling-house, a fine garden, and every necessary building.—Taking in all its advantages it has ever been considered among the first forest plantations in the State.

WILLIAM BAKER.

☞ Military Land-Warrants for 4000 acres for sale very cheap.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

FOR SALE,

NEAR two thousand acres of LAND on Buck-Creek, in Lincoln County, which has been located near three years, by one of the first characters in that County, and who informed me that it was the best land that was then to be got. I will dispose of it for cash, Negroes, dry or wet goods, and all kinds of certificates will be taken at their passing value; but an exchange of land in this county would be preferred.

TO BE LET, for one or more years, and possession given the first day of January next, the house near the Falls-Church, ten miles from Alexandria, on the main road leading through Leesburg to Winchester, seven miles from George-Town, and on the main road leading from thence by Newgate to North and South Carolina, which makes it a convenient stand for a tavern or store, as there is one at present kept in it.—Also, a house about two miles higher up the road to Leesburg, convenient for a tavern; there will be let more or less land with this as may be agreed on.—Also, a plantation, about half a mile from the last mentioned place.—The two last mentioned places have exceeding fine never failing springs.—Also, a farm in Loudon County, near Sugarland-Run; the land is of a good quality, well watered, upwards of fifty acres of land cleared, some improved meadow, and more may be made.—The terms may be known by applying to

OPIE LINDSAY.

Colchester, Nov 21, 1785.

Loudon County, ss. September, 1785.

FARLING BALL, Gentleman, returned a certificate, that Timothy Hixon had taken up as a stray, a MARE, about 13 hands and a half high, of a brown colour, a small star in her forehead, branded on the near shoulder I D, appraised by Charles Bennett, William Hixon and John Hanby, to Three Pounds Ten Shillings, currency.

(Copy.) Teste,

CHARLES BINNS, D. Clerk.

TO BE SOLD,

In Fee-Simple,

A VERY valuable LOT, advantageously situated on Prince-street—Inquire at the Printing-Office.

Alexandria, Nov. 2, 1785.

AS several of the Subscribers to the Alexandria Academy have neglected to settle with the Treasurer, the demands on him are now so pressing that there is a necessity for all delinquents to call on him without delay and settle their respective balances; and as it may not be generally understood that by a late regulation, considerable privileges is expected to attend every five pounds subscribed, those who have not qualified themselves for the advantage alluded to, ought by all means to call on the Treasurer and augment their subscriptions.—In the mean time the subscription will continue open in the hands of the Treasurer, for all those who wish to encourage this useful and generous undertaking, until the first of January next, when the building will be finished and the different tutors open their schools.

Alexandria, Nov. 15, 1785.

STRAYED or stolen from the Subscriber on the night of the 20th inst. a black horse COLT, three years old, neither docked nor branded, shod before, his near hind foot white, the white part scarred as if scalded, is about 14½ hands high, and has a hanging mane and full eyes.—If taken up 20 miles from home and brought to me, I will give Three Dollars, if a shorter distance two, and reasonable charges. JOSEPH JANNEY.

Alexandria, Nov. 23, 1785.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber in the month of November, 1784, an Irish servant, named PATRICK CONDON; he appears to be about 23 years old, six feet high, smooth faced, long visaged, brown hair, very forward and talkative when in liquor which he is very fond of, had a cut of an ax near one of his ancles, which was not healed when he went away, and I am well informed he was in Dumfries goal, and turned out last month, no one appearing to claim him: He had on an old blue jacket, his other clothing was very ragged, and went by the name of WILLIAM PETRE. He went from Dumfries towards Falmouth, and it is very probable he is now loitering between these parts. Whoever brings him home, shall have the above reward paid by

J. G. DOWDALL.

Winchester, Nov. 1, 1785.

RAN away from the Ship Charming Peggy at George-Town, on the 12th instant, the two following sailors: PETER GEAL, a stout well-made fellow, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and GEORGE DICK, a short well-made fellow.—They took with them a chest and bed.—Whoever will take up the said fellows and secure them in gaol, or deliver them on board the said ship, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for either.

CHRISTIAN HENRY RUTHER.

George-Town, Nov. 16, 1785.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from the Subscriber's store last week, a piece of yard-wide Irish linen, marked as follows, trunk 33—60, 2/10 sterling. Any person who will give information of the thief, shall receive the above reward.

JONATHAN SWIFT and CO.

Alexandria, Nov. 17, 1785.

Found this morning in the Commons near this town, A MAN's SADDLE.—The owner is desired to apply to the Subscriber, pay expences and take it away. JOHN THOMAS.

Alexandria, Nov. 14, 1785.

LONDON, August 10.

THE peasant at Zevenhuysen, against whom an action had been brought, for damages done to Mr. Blanchard's balloon, in his defence, proved that he understood Logic better than Aerostation. He thus addressed his Judges: "Gentlemen, it is an "established point in law, that whatever falls from "the clouds becomes the property of the owner of "the land on which it falls:

"Mr. Blanchard and his balloon fell in my field.

"Ergo, Mr. Blanchard and his balloon both be-"came my property, which I permitted him to re-"purchase for ten ducats, to which I am justly "entitled."

This curious syllogism, which appeared irrefragable, diverted the Court exceedingly; and Mr. Blanchard was one of the first to join in the laugh.

September 14.

The following are said to be the resolutions proposed for the Counties and Boroughs of Scotland, previous to the meeting of Parliament.

I. That there is no good reason why Scotland should be treated with insolent contempt, while Ireland has a due deference paid to it.

II. That they who have advised withholding for some time past from Scotland, one of the fifteen judges of the court of session, the number solemnly stipulated by the articles of Union, have not a due regard for their country.

III. That with the calm but firm spirit of men determined to maintain their constitutional privileges, we will oppose the insidious attempt to infringe on our agreement with England in 1707, by changing our supreme court of justice "as then constituted."

On Saturday died Lord Abergavenny, at his house in Grosvenor Place; the title and estate devolves to his son, Lord Neville.

Extract of a letter from Algiers, Aug. 29.

"A few days ago five Jews were strangled in this city by order of the Dey, all their goods and chattels confiscated, and their warehouses destroyed.—The crime for which they suffered was for defrauding a Christian merchant of a large sum of money, and a great quantity of merchandise. It appears that these same fellows have visited most of the cities and capital towns in Europe; particularly in London, Bristol, Liverpool, Amsterdam, Bourdeaux, and Port l'Orient, where they have committed a vast number of frauds upon people of all descriptions with impunity, many of whom are totally ruined, and their families brought to the greatest distress and misery. The day after the execution took place, two more were seized, who were clerks to the culprits during the time the villainy was transacted; but, upon the nicest investigation, it did not appear they had any part of the property, and therefore escaped the fate of their brethren; yet they did not go unpunished, for they were both condemned to perpetual slavery, and immediately to receive each an hundred bastinadoes on the bare soles of their feet. This severe punishment was inflicted upon them because they did not make a proper discovery of the said villainy, when at the same time they knew it well, and also knew their masters were nothing but notorious impostors. Their scheme to defraud the merchant was very artfully contrived, and formed exactly upon the same plan by which swindlers defraud unwary tradesmen in London."

His Majesty is going to turn all the deer out of the Little Park at Windsor, and to fill it with oxen, sheep, &c. for his own use; thus in other words, the King is going to be his own butcher. A butcher in Oxford market, from whom this article comes, says, if his Majesty had seen the slaughter-houses, which his German butchers made in America, to feed the politics of Lord North, Messieurs Jenkinson, Eillis, and Dundas, it would have satiated the most carnivorous passion.

Comte de Guichen has been singularly unhappy in the untimely end of both his sons, the elder of whom was killed by his side in one of his engagements with Admiral Rodney, and the younger, who was the sole hope of a worthy family, was lost a few days ago at the mouth of the harbour of Dunkirk. The Comte is a nobleman of great professional merit, and is no less distinguished for his bravery, than its concomitant—humanity. The seamen who have the happiness of being on board his ship, think the measure of their satisfaction completed in serving with him, they call him *le pere des matelots*, or the father of the sailors. When the Comte received his blue ribbon at l'Orient from the court, he immediately requested the attendance of all the naval officers of his fleet, and thus elegantly addressed them; "Gentlemen, his Majesty has thought proper to recompence the service of his naval officers by a blue ribbon; he does me the honor to think me worthy of representing that corps, and orders me to wear this unequivocal mark of his approbation.

The Vicomte de Roquefeuille, who perished with M. de Guichen, distinguished himself last war in the Levrier cutter, in company with the Hussard, when he fought an English frigate in the channel for upwards of an hour and an half, and only fled when he saw that he must certainly yield to superior force if he continued the combat.

Extract of a letter from Amiens, dated Aug. 23.

"The arret which prohibits the importation of English goods into this country, except under very heavy duties, little short of a total prohibition, is nearly as unpopular in France as it is in England; for as the people of this country cannot possibly equal the English in any manufacture which the latter have brought to perfection, the arret will deprive the French of many of the luxuries and even the necessaries of life, which they have imported hitherto from England. But above all it is unpopular among the numerous class of shop-keepers, who got the principal part of their livelihood by selling English goods. I myself know one man in the neighbourhood of this city, who dealt in second-hand English carriages, of which he sold one year with another about fourscore, and on which he cleared near 4000l. a year. The arret cuts his trade up by the roots, and will reduce him from opulence to distress. However, though a check may be given to a trade with England in articles of too great bulk to be smuggled, yet as long as free ports are suffered in France, you may be assured that your manufactures will, as usual, find their way into this country, under the eyes, and even in spight of the most vigilant custom-house officers, one of whom told me how it might be done without any danger from the laws. He said that a great trade was carried on between England and Dunkirk in new and old clothes: As the latter is a free port, English clothes will of course be landed there as heretofore. The difficulty will be to get them out of the town by land; but this will be easily removed by people employed for that purpose, who dress themselves in the clothes, and thus carry them out before the face of the officers, and sell them afterwards in the country. These men sometimes put on two or three waistcoats and as many coats, and when stopped at the gate, say they are naturally chilly, and such a quantity of clothes are absolutely necessary to preserve them from the cold. The arret, therefore, which has for its object to cut off the trade with England, is incomplete while free ports are suffered in France; till you hear, therefore, that the free ports are stripped of their privileges, you may look upon the arret as a *brutum fulmen*—it will make a noise and no more."

Sept. 15. There certainly is something going forward in France which ought not to escape our notice.—They are equipping their fleets, and augmenting their armies, and Spain is reenforcing Minorca, and brushing up the old fortifications. The dissentions in this country, and the determination of preserving the administration, against the will of the people, not one of which administration are capable of conducting a war, even against the Irish potatoe boats, have induced the Frenchmen to make preparations for a war. There is nothing so easy as for the natural enemy to pick a quarrel. Phedrus has finely delineated that truth in his beautiful fable of the Lion and the Lamb.

We hear from Scotland, that the shopkeepers in Edinburgh, Canongate and Leith, have determined to resist the shop-tax.

September 19.

Extract of a letter from Brussels, September 13.

"We are all in agitation here, all is war and rumors of war. On Friday morning last marched to the frontiers of Holland, upwards of three thousand men of the Bender regiment by order of the Emperor, and double that quantity, consisting of dragoons, &c. are preparing to follow them: There is to be an immediate encampment near Antwerp, which is to consist in all of about 20,000 men; and late last night (Sunday) a courier arrived at the court of Brussels to the Arch Duke's, but the secret of his despatches have not yet transpired. The general speculation is, that the requisition made by the Emperor is acceded to on the part of the Dutch; but others are of a different opinion, and conclude that this military pageantry will produce very serious consequences; mean time, the amusements and levities of this gay town go on as usual, and the grim visaged war has by no means "smoothed his wrinkled front;" the Brabantins, or rather the anglicised Flemings, "dance to the lascivious pleasings of a lute."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Sept. 6.

"You need not hesitate to declare, that matters here, both domestic and foreign, are coming to the most disagreable extremities.

"Nor are our affairs abroad in a better situation; the States are continually assembled without knowing what to determine upon;—the Emperor having only allowed them till the 15th, to determine whether they will accept of the conditions proposed by him; and in the mean time is making the most alarming preparations. The seizure of the contraband goods in the mail of the Ambassador's messenger, is an additional stroke which tends to embarrass them. Messrs. de Wassenaar and de Leyden are certainly recalled from Vienna.

By a Nobleman just arrived from Germany, we are confidently assured that preparations are making for a war between the Emperor and the Republic, all hopes of accommodation being nearly at an end.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Sept. 12.

"The news we receive both from Germany and the Austrian Netherlands relative to the Emperor's preparations, serve to convince us that his intentions are hostile.

"In confirmation of this alarming intelligence, letters from Deutz of the 5th say, We have just heard that the negociations at Paris have been unexpectedly put a stop to. The Emperor, worn out with the innumerable difficulties perpetually raised by the Republic relative to the sum to be paid, has signified to the States-General, that they must immediately come to a final resolution on that matter: In other words, they must comply with his terms, or he will attack them."

Letters received on Friday from the Hague, say, that the Prince of Ligne had received orders to attack the different fortresses upon the banks of the Scheldt, and that when the post set out a body of six thousand men were actually on the march for carrying this projected enterprise into execution.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, Aug. 8.

"We cannot imagine the motive for the warlike preparations making in this kingdom at present; the conferences of our Cabinet are more frequent than usual; several regiments have received orders to march to Catalonia; a fleet of eight sail of men of war are fitting out at Carthagena, and the number is to be increased to 16. These are said to be destined to guard the straits of Gibralter, as the most pressing orders are sent to Cadiz for 12 sail of men of war as soon as possible."

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) Sept. 28.

By a gentleman of veracity, lately from Cape-Francois, we are assured it was confidently reported in every polite circle there, that 10,000 regular troops were under orders, in Old France, to embark for Hispaniola, whose arrival was daily expected.

Ordinances have lately been published throughout the French West-India Islands, to suppress and prohibit all foreign trade, under pain of confiscation of goods, and imprisonment of persons. The Americans are particularly pointed at in these restrictive edicts, which has given rise to various conjectures.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 18.

We have been informed by private gentlemen from London, in the late ships, that that court do not intend to conform to the articles of the late treaty of peace with America any further than they can be insured of its good consequences to their country.—*The* WESTERN POSTS *in America they are determined not to relinquish!*

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.

The following is a copy of a letter wrote by three American Captains, who are captives at Algiers, which was forwarded by the British Consul, to Richard Harrison, Esq; Consul for the United States at Cadiz. It is of so interesting a nature, that the Printers are all requested to republish it.

Algiers, Aug. 27, 1785.

Richard Harrison, Esq;

SIR,

WE, the subjects of the United States of America, have had the misfortune to be captured by the Algerines, brought into this port, and made slaves of: We were stript of all our wearing apparel, and brought to a state of bondage and misery.—The severities we endure are beyond your imagination. The British Consul, Charles Logil, Esq; has taken us into his house. We hope you will take our grievances into consideration, and make some extra provision for us; For no man can exist on the provisions which are dealt out by the King of this place, who may truly be called the King of cruelties.—Inform Congress and the different States of our situation. All nations, who have subjects in the hands of those infidels, exert themselves to relieve them—and while captives make them some extra allowance. We hope you will write to the British Consul on this head; he will give you every information respecting us, and how matters may be accommodated with America. If we do not make some terms, our trade will be ruined. The Algerines are at present fitting out cruisers with all possible expedition: Two will cruise off the Western-Isles, and the rest off Portugal.

Americans beware! Let nothing tempt you to come in the way of those people, for they are worse than can be imagined. The ship Dauphin, Richard Obryan, commander, belonging to Messrs. Mathew and Thomas Irwin, of Philadelphia; was taken the 30th of July, 80 leagues to the N. W. of St. Ubes; and the schooner Maria, Richard Stephens, master, owned by Messrs. William Foster and Co. of Boston, and consigned to you at Cadiz, was taken the 24th of July. We Americans are 21 in number, Captain Obryan's crew are at the Marine, where

they experience all the misery of slavery. Captain Stephens's crew are at the King's house.

The Spaniards have made peace with those people; in consequence of which, they will be all over the Atlantic. They talk of ransoming us as high as from 400l. to 600l. sterling; however, you perhaps may know our price, and the customs of these heathens, in that particular, better than we do.

We hope you will write to Charles Logil, Esq; and to us miserable sufferers, and advertise our situation to our brethern in America.

RICHARD OBRYAN,
ISAAC STEPHENS,
ZACHARIAH COFFIN.

Nov. 21. Last week a body of troops, consisting of 70 men of the first American regiment, under the command of Major Haintrammach, marched through Carlisle on their way to Fort-Pitt, where they are to do duty; and we hear that a large party have gone through York county, for the same place and purpose.

Nov. 22. The General Assembly of South-Carolina, on the 12th ult. passed an act, entitled, "An act for regulating sales under executions," and for other purposes therein mentioned," which obliges plaintiffs to receive in satisfaction of debts the property of the defendants upon appraisement; the said act to continue and be in force until the end of the next session of the General Assembly, and no longer.

We hear that the General Court of the State of New-Hampshire, at the session, lately begun at Concord, have passed an act for making many kinds of personal property a tender in the discharge of debts payable within that State.

By a gentleman just arrived from the westward, we learn, that the treaty with the Indians was going on at the Great Miami, much to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, and bears much with them as to its permanency: The Indians signifying every mark of approbation.

ALEXANDRIA, December 1.

The House of Delegates of Maryland on the 19th Ult. took into Consideration "a Bill for the Support of Ministers of the Gospel of all Denominations or Societies of Christians within that State," when there appeared for the Bill 21; against the Bill 41.

On Monday the 21st Ult. was read in the House of Delegates now sitting at Richmond, an engrossed Bill to postpone the Collection of the Tax for the Year 1785, when the Question being put, there appeared for it 48; against it 50.

Late London Papers mention, that the King of Prussia means to take a decided Part against the Emperor, in favor of the Dutch.

DIED.] In this Town, on his way to Mount-Vernon, JAMES MACKAY Esq; of the State of Georgia, a Native of Scotland.

—In New-Hampshire, in an Apoplectic Fit, the Hon. JOHN SULLIVAN, Esq; Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Major-General of the Militia of that State, and late a Major-General in the Continental Army.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Sloop Washington, D. Peoples, and Sloop Dolphin, A. Steward, from Philadelphia; Brig Mary, C. Briggs, and Schooner Adams, B. Witham, Rhode-Island; Sloop Hero, J. Humphries, Baltimore; Schooner Judith, E. Cook, Boston; Schooner Barbadoes, S. Fell, Barbadoes.

Cleared Outwards. Ship Peggy, J. Tyndal, for Whitehaven; Brig Industry, J. Gibson, Madera.

From the MASSACHUSETTS CENTINEL.

George Manly was executed at Wicklow in Ireland, pursuant to his sentence, for the murder of Mr. Williams: At the gallows he made the following speech:

MY FRIENDS,

YOU are assembled to see—what? A man take a leap into the abyss of death. Look and you shall see me go with as much courage as *Curtius*, when he leapt in the gulph to save his country from destruction. What will you say of me? You say that no man without virtue can be courageous.—You'll say I have killed a man—*Marlborough* killed his thousands, and *Alexander* destroyed millions: Marlborough and Alexander, and many others who have done the like, are famous in history for great men—But I killed one solitary man. I am a little murderer, and must be hanged. Marlborough and Alexander plundered countries—they were great men—I ran in debt with the alewife, she becomes a witness against me, and I must be hanged.

Now, my friends, I have drawn a parallel between two of the greatest men that ever lived and myself; but these were men of former days. Now I'll speak a word of some of the present day. How many men were lost in the American war, both sides could not have been in the right, yet Lord North is a great man, and I am but a little fellow. The King of France takes our ships, plunders our merchants, kills and tortures our men, but what of all that? What he does is good! He is a great man! He is clothed in purple, his instruments of murder are bright, and shining, mine was a rusty gun, and so much for comparison.

Now I would fain know what authority there is in scripture for a rich man to murder, to plunder, to torture, to ravage whole countries, and what law is it that condemns a poor man to death for killing a solitary sheep to feed his family? But bring the matter closer to our country—What is the difference between running in a poor man's debt, and by the power of gold, or any other privilege, preventing him from obtaining his right, and clapping a pistol to a man's breast, and taking from him his purse? Yet the one shall thereby obtain a coach, and honors, and titles. The other, what? A cart and a rope.

From what I have said, my brethern, you may, perhaps, imagine I am hardened, but believe me, I am fully convinced of my follies, and acknowledge the judgment of GOD has overtaken me. I have no hopes but from the merits of my Redeemer, who I hope will have mercy on me, as he knows that murder was far from my heart, and what I did was through rage and passion, being provoked thereto by the deceased.

Take warning my dear comrades; think, O! think! What would I now give that I had lived another life!

PRICES CURRENT, ALEXANDRIA.

TOBACCO 22s. per Ct.	Continental Rum, 2s. per Ditto.
Fine Flour, 29s. per Barrel.	Molasses, 1/6 per Ditto.
Wheat, 5/6 per Bushel.	Muscovado Sugar, 35s. to 42/6 per Ct.
Jamaica Spirits, 4/6 per Gallon.	Salt, 3s. per Bushel, by Retail.
Windward Rum, 3s. per Ditto.	Corn, 4s. per Bushel.
	Exchange, 40.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Saturday the 3d instant, will be sold at the Vendue-Store,

A VARIETY of WET and DRY GOODS, consisting of rum in hogsheads and barrels, sugars, cloths, linens, calamancoes, coarse stockings, calicoes, hats, womens' shoes, a quantity of cordage, green, hyson and bohea teas, a number of 6, 8 and 10 plate stoves, and a quantity of bar-iron.

S. ARELL, Vendue-Master.

Alexandria, Dec. 1, 1785.

☞ For private sale, very low, a chariot, a Negro boy, and a quantity of stone.—Also, a waggon and four horses, and geers compleat with two lock chains, on credit for six months with bond and approved security.

TO BE LET,

A WAREHOUSE on the wharf, completely fitted for the reception of all kinds of country and West-India produce.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM HERBERT.

Alexandria, Nov. 30, 1785.

WHEREAS the Subscriber took a certain Edward Jones with a bay HORSE, his two hind feet white, is a natural trotter, branded on the near buttock with a swivel stirrup; this is to give notice to the owner to prove his property to the said horse, pay charges and take him away.

JACOB MOORE.

Alexandria, Nov. 30, 1785.

For HAVRE-DE-GRACE, in France,

THE ship MARY, NASH GOODWIN, Commander, and will be ready to sail by the 10th inst.—For passage apply to WILLIAM HUNTER, jun. and CO. JOSIAH WATSON, or the Master on board.

Dec. 1, 1785.

I hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of a BOND of mine in the possession of WILLIAM STONE, as he has acted contrary to his agreement with me.

JOHN MURTLAND.

Alexandria, Nov. 29, 1785.

THIS is to give notice to whom it may concern, that we intend to apply to the present General Assembly, for an act to enable the executors of James Nourse, deceased, to sell a certain tract of land in Berkely County, Virginia, on the head of Worthington's-Run, containing near 1000 acres, belonging to the estate of the deceased, that the intent of the will may be fully complied with.

JOSEPH NOURSE,
JAMES NOURSE,
WILLIAM NOURSE, } Executors.

Nov. 30, 1785.

Just received, and to be sold by

D. and I. M'Pherson,

At their store the third door above Gilpin's wharf,

A Quantity of woollens, consisting of blankets, duffils, long-ells, plaid and Shetland hose, white plains, flannels, &c.—They have also for sale, Grenada, Barbadoes and St. Croix rum by the hogshead and barrel, sugar, molasses, pork, tar, pitch, turpentine, Madera wine, salt, cordage and sail canvas; also, a ship's anchor, weight 1400lb. with a variety of other articles.

☞ They want to purchase a quantity of flour and Indian-corn.

Alexandria, Nov. 30, 1785.

Montgomery County, Maryland, Nov. 29, 1785.

To be sold by public vendue, on Thursday the 16th day of March next, if fair, if not the next fair day, (if not sold before at private sale) the following lands, lying in the County aforesaid, viz.

ABERDEEN, with two small tracts nearly adjoining, making in the whole about 180 acres of level fertile land, whereon are the following valuable improvements: A commodious two-story brick dwelling-house, 42 by 30 feet, four rooms, a passage and bar well finished, on the lower floor, and four rooms on the upper, not quite finished, a cellar underneath the whole with convenient divisions, a large and convenient kitchen with a good brick chimney, another house with a brick chimney, which, with a small expence, might be converted into a storehouse, a good tobacco-house 32 by 22 feet, a large and well constructed stable divided into stalls, and several other convenient and necessary out-houses; a large garden with a stone wall round it, and adjoining the dwelling-house, a well of excellent water within a few steps of the kitchen door, about nine acres of excellent meadow now in Timothy, and an orchard of apple trees of the best kind of fruit.—About 70 acres of this land are yet to clear, the rest under good and sufficient fencing, and the whole adapted to farming or planting.—Through this tract and close to the dwelling-house runs the road from George-Town to Frederick-Town, is about 13 miles from the former and 30 from the latter, and less than a mile from the Court-House of this County.—This stand is justly esteemed one of the best in the County for a tavern, and has been occupied as such for several years.—If this tract is not sold at or before the abovementioned time, I propose to rent it with the house thereon, for a term of years.——Also, 500 acres of LAND, being part of a tract called Leakins's Lot, lying on the waters of Seneca, about 20 miles from George-Town and 85 from Baltimore.—The soil of this land is well adapted to the cultivation of fine tobacco, it lies level and abounds with springs of excellent water, and a large quantity of beautiful watered meadow might be made thereon at a very small expence.—There are about 40 or 50 acres of this land cleared, which rents for 2000lb. of crop tobacco yearly, and the assessment of 200 acres paid by the tenants yearly.—The improvements are a small log dwelling-house, a few out-houses, and a young orchard of apple trees.——Also, 250 acres of LAND, being part of a tract called Exchange and New Exchange Enlarged, lying within a mile of Aberdeen.—This land lies level, abounds in springs of good water, and is suitable for either planting or farming.—There are about 30 acres of very valuable meadow ground belonging to it, 40 or 50 acres fresh cleared, under good fence, and in good order for croping.—The rest of the improvements are a Negro quarter and new log tobacco house 52 by 22 feet, and covered with shingles.—Also a tract called Addition to Discovery, containing 90 acres.—This land lies about 15 miles from George-Town, is remarkably strong and rich, abounding in heavy timber and springs of excellent water.—There are about 30 acres of it cleared and under a good fence, and about 3 acres of beautiful meadow now in grass.—The improvements are a small log dwelling-house, kitchen, a good framed tobacco-house, and 200 bearing apple trees of the very best kind of fruit.—The title to these lands is indisputable, and the terms of payment will be made very easy to the purchasers.

JAMES SUTER.

STOP THE THIEF!

STOLEN from my waggon at the White-Oak Spring on the 20th instant, a strawberry roan MARE, 13½ hands high, heavy made, 12 years old, branded with a three barred woman's stirrup-iron, half ridged mane, and a short docked tail.—Whoever takes up said mare and secures the thief, shall receive SIXTEEN DOLLARS, and EIGHT DOLLARS for the mare only, if brought to Mr. RICHARD SIMPSON, near the White-Oak Spring, Fairfax County, or to the Subscriber living in Frederick County, Virginia, near Col. Zane's iron-works, with all reasonable charges.

JAMES WILSON.

Nov. 30, 1785.

POETRY.

From the HIBERNIAN MAGAZINE.

Verſes preſented by a Gentleman to his Wife, on the Anniverſary of their Wedding Day.

"THEE, *Mary*, with this ring I wed,
So ſixteen years ago I ſaid—
Behold another ring!"—"For what?"
"To wed thee o'er again—why not?"—

With the *firſt* ring I married youth,
Grace, beauty, innocence, and truth;
Taſte long admir'd, ſenſe long rever'd:
And all my *Molly* then appear'd.

If ſhe, by merit ſince diſclos'd,
Prove twice the woman I ſuppos'd,
I plead that double merit now,
To juſtify a double vow.

Here then, to-day, (with faith as ſure,
With ardour as intenſe and pure,
As when amidſt the rites divine
I took thy troth, and plighted mine)
To thee, ſweet girl, my *ſecond* ring,
A token and a pledge I bring;
With this I wed, till death us part,
Thy riper virtues to my heart;
Thoſe virtues, which, before untry'd,
The wife has added to the bride;
Thoſe virtues, which progreſſive claim,
Endearing wedlock's very name,
My ſoul enjoys, my ſong approves,
For conſcience ſake, as well as love's.

For why?—They ſhew me hour by hour
Honor's high thought, affection's pow'r,
Diſcretion's deed, ſound judgment's ſentence:
And teach me all things—but *repentance*.

Randle Mitchell and Son,

Have removed their ſtore from Fairfax-ſtreet to King-ſtreet, the ſixth door from the corner of Fairfax-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to the alley which leads from King-ſtreet to the Court-Houſe, where they have for ſale, either by wholeſale or retail, at the very loweſt prices, for caſh or country produce,

A LARGE and general aſſortment of moſt kinds of DRY-GOODS, linens, woollens, ſtuffs, cutlery, ironmongery, hoſiery and haberdaſhery ſuitable for the ſeaſon, alſo, rums, ſugars, wines, molaſſes, teas, dying ſtuffs, window-glaſs, ſoap, coffee, pepper, ginger, allſpice, China, queen's, glaſs, and earthen ware, ſaddlery, &c.

Alexandria, October 27, 1785.

Juſt arrived in the Brigantine Alexandria, John Watkins, Maſter, from Liverpool,

A Quantity of SALT, COALS and DRY-GOODS, which are to be ſold by WILLIAM BUDDICOM, at Mr. Andrew Wales's.—The ſaid veſſel is to be CHARTERED to any port in Europe, but would give a preference to Liverpool, ſhe being fully intended for a conſtant trader to that port.—She is a new Britiſh built veſſel with a Mediterranean paſs of the neweſt cut.—For terms apply to ſaid Buddicom.

Alexandria, Nov. 10, 1785.

Ewan M'Lean,

Taylor from Edinburgh,

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he carries on his buſineſs in its different branches at the houſe of Mrs. Shaw, on Royal and Queen ſtreets, where any gentlemen who may pleaſe to employ him, may depend on their work being done in the beſt manner, in the neweſt faſhion, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Alexandria, Nov. 17, 1785.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of the Hon. JOHN TAYLOE, Eſq; deceaſed, for dealings at Neubro and Occoquan furnaces, are requeſted to ſettle their reſpective accounts by the firſt day of January next. Thoſe who do not attend to this notice will be ſued immediately after that date.

ROBERT HAMILTON.

Neubro, Nov. 15, 1785.

WHEREAS I was compelled in the month of Auguſt laſt to give a bond to Mr. JOHN DUNDAS, payable on the 13th day of July next, for three hundred pounds, Virginia currency, with two gentlemen of this place as ſecurity, in order to obtain a valuable property then in his hands: I therefore forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment of the ſame, as it was fraudulently obtained, and will not be paid unleſs recovered by a due courſe of law. WILLIAM NICHOLS.

Alexandria, Nov. 9, 1785.

William Taylor and Co.

Have for ſale, at their ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, formerly occupied by Meſſrs. Lowry and M'Kenna, and next door but one to Col. Dennis Ramſay's ſtore,

DOUBLE milled drabs,
Superfine and ſecond cloths of various colours,
Blue, buff and light caſſimers,
Blue and red duffils,
Gray and mixt coatings,
Rugs and blankets,
Swanſkins,
Scarlet, red, white and yellow flannels,
Striped linſeys and embоſſed ſerges,
Red and light baizes,
Fine green and white pluſhes,
Shalloons and rattinets,
Pink, blue and green tammies,
Striped and plain blue and green calamancoes,
Blue, green and light durants,
Blue and green camblets,
Corduroys and queen's cord,
Honeycomb and Rodney's cord,
Spotted and plain velvets,
Pillow fuſtians,
Figured jeans and jeanets,
Blue, green, pink, black and red moreens,
Superfine black bombazeens,
Black and light crapes,
Mens' plain and ribbed yarn and worſted hoſe,
Thread, cotton and ſilk ditto,
Childrens' ſpotted ditto,
Ladies' ſilk gloves and mitts,
Lamb, kid and beſt white ditto,
Shammy gloves and mitts,
Linen and cotton checks,
Haerlem and furniture ditto,
Cambricks, clear and long lawns,
Black and white gauzes,
Needle worked lawn aprons,
Kentings and kenting handkerchiefs,
Common, ſouſlee and white catgut,
Manchеſter cottons and printed linens,
Light and dark ground French and Dutch calicoes,
Satins and modes,
Green, pink and black perſians,
Black Barcelona neckcloths and handkerchiefs,
Dove and changeable ditto,
Common ſilk ditto,
Ladies' ſilk cardinals trimmed with ermine,
Satin, perſian and durant quilts,
7/8 and yard-wide Iriſh linens,
Britiſh oſnaburgs,
Heſſian rolls,
Fine Flanders bedticking,
Common and ell-wide ditto,
6, 7 and 8-4 bed-bunts,
Linen and cotton handkerchiefs,
Stamped, ſpotted, and bordered ſouſlee ditto,
Diaper toweling and tablecloths,
Mens' caſtor and felt hats,
Wool and cotton cards,
Bar-lead and ſhot,
Mens' Morocco ſlippers and childrens' Morocco ſhoes,
Ladies' beſt calamanco and common ditto,
Scarf and common twiſt,
French and Engliſh ſewing ſilk,
Scotch and coloured threads,
Common and beſt writing-paper,
Bonnet paſteboards,
Bibles, teſtaments and pſalters,
Spelling-books,
Sealing-wax and Dutch quills,
Beſt London playing cards,
Inkpowder,
3½, 4 and 4½ pins,
Temple and common ſpectacles,
Hatter's trimmings,
Ivory tortoiſhell and horn combs,
Shaving boxes, ſoap and bruſhes,
Tooth and buckle bruſhes,
Hair pins and hair-powder,
Waſhballs and pomatum,
Silk and ſwan powdering puffs,
Toupee and pinching irons,
Plated ſpurs and ſpring ſnuffers,
Poliſhed bridle bits with bridons,
Common ſnaffle ditto,
Poliſhed and common ſtirrup irons,
Surcingle and ſtrain web,
Shoemakers' and ſaddlers' tools,
Mill and handſaw files,
Braſs and iron candleſticks,
Warming-pans and copper tea-kettles,
Pewter quarts and padlocks,
Braſs cocks with keys,
Common and beſt razors,
Large and ſmall ſciſſors,
Barlow and common penknives,
A large aſſortment of knives and forks with carvers,
Oyſter knives,
Lettered, plain and tully gartering,
Cap and apron tapes,
Nonſopretty and bobing,
Mens' ſilk caps,
Common and Whitechapel needles,
Mens' thimbles,
Womens' ditto,
Silk, thread and beggars lace,
Common and Briſtol ſleeve buttons,
Gilt and ſilvered watch chains,
Watch ſeals and keys,
Paſte, ſtock and knee buckles,
Common ſhoe and knee ditto,
Gilt and common coat and jacket buttons,
Horſe bruſhes and mane combs,
Carpenters' planes, bits and chiſels,
Bottled ſnuff and Durham muſtard,
Slates and pencils,
A variety of glaſs ware, &c. &c.

Alexandria, Nov. 24, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

Jamaica ſpirits, ditto Mahogany, brandy, pimento, fine table ſalt of the beſt kind, and a few barrels of limes.—Inquire of DANIEL ROBERDEAU, at his warehouſe.

Alexandria, Nov. 15, 1785.

WANTED TO CHARTER,

For Liſbon and back again,

A GOOD veſſel with a Mediterranean paſs of the neweſt cut, that will carry from 4 to 5000 buſhels. Her cargo is ready to be put on board immediately.

JESSE TAYLOR.

Alexandria, Nov. 10, 1785.

FOR L'ORIENT.

THE Ship UNION, commanded by Capt. GILES SULLIVAN, now lying in this port, will take tobacco on freight for L'Orient at 40 livres per hogſhead, to the addreſs of Meſſrs. J. J. Berard and Co.—The ſhip is perfectly ready to take in, is a fine new ſtrong veſſel, with good accommodations for paſſengers. HOOE and HARRISON.

Alexandria, Nov. 15, 1785.

FOR St. EUSTATIUS.

THE Brig MARTHA, SAMUEL HARPER, Maſter, now in this harbour, will ſail for St. Euſtatia about the 6th of December, and to return here again. She has good accommodations for paſſengers, and would take in freight for that Iſland, with liberty of conſignment, and bring back the neat proceeds. For terms apply to RICHARD CONWAY.

Alexandria, Nov. 15, 1785.

FOR LONDON,

THE Ship HAZARD, Capt. THOMAS NEW, burthen 450 hogſheads of tobacco, upon liberty of conſignment, and will ſail by the middle of December, one half of her cargo being engaged. The Hazard is a new Britiſh-built ſhip, with a Mediterranean paſs.—For freight, or paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, Meſſrs. SMITH, YOUNG and HYDE, Fredericksburg, Mr. HUGH CAMPBELL, Hobb's-Hole, Mr. JAMES DUNLAP, Port-Royal, or JOSIAH WATSON, Eſq; Alexandria.

For ſale on board the ſaid ſhip, a quantity of CORDAGE aſſorted, two TOP-CHAIRS and a PHAETON, HARDWARE, and ſundry other goods, for which good crop-tobacco will be taken in payment.

Port-Royal, Virginia, October 26, 1785.

FOR SALE,

A LIKELY NEGRO BOY, about 17 years of age, is very active, and has been brought up to wait and tend on a table.—He is very honeſt and ſold for no fault.—The terms may be known by applying to the Printers hereof.

Alexandria, Nov. 17, 1785.

TO BE RENTED,

For one year, or longer, as may be agreed on,

ONE large lower ROOM of a three-ſtory brick houſe, accommodated with a fire-place, and well calculated for a wholeſale or retail ſtore. Alſo, the two upper ſtories of the ſame houſe, containing FOUR ROOMS with a fire-place in each, well calculated for an extenſive mercantile concern.—The houſe is on the ſame general plan, and under the ſame range and roof as Mr. Watſon's ſtore and warehouſe.—With theſe apartments is to be rented one-half of Harper and Watſon's commodious WHARF, to the pier-head.—For terms, which will be found reaſonable, apply to

ISAAC RAWLINGS.

Alexandria, Nov. 17, 1785.

FOR SALE,

A NEGRO WOMAN and child; alſo to be let on ground-rent forever, a LOT of ground on King-ſtreet, between Fairfax and Water ſtreets, with a ſouth front.—For terms inquire of

ROBERT ALLISON.

Alexandria, Nov. 17, 1785.

On Tueſday the 20th of December next, will be ſold at public ſale at Mattox-Bridge, Weſtmoreland County,

SUNDRY valuable SLAVES, amongſt whom are ſeveral houſe-carpenters; alſo, men, women, boys and girls. Six months credit, on bond and approved ſecurity, will be given the purchaſers.

October 27, 1785. CATHARINE JETT.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.